WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2016 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

Senate Bill 111

BY SENATORS KESSLER, SNYDER AND BEACH

[Introduced January 13, 2016;

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.]

A BILL to amend and reenact §5-11-2, §5-11-3, §5-11-4, §5-11-8, §5-11-9 and §5-11-13 of the
Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend and reenact §5-11A-3, §5-11A5, §5-11A-6 and §5-11A-7 of said code, all relating to unlawful discriminatory practices;
prohibiting discrimination based upon age or sexual orientation; and defining "sexual orientation".

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §5-11-2, §5-11-3, §5-11-4, §5-11-8, §5-11-9 and §5-11-13 of the Code of West
Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that §5-11A-3, §5-11A-5, §5-11A6 and §5-11A-7 of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 11. HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION.

§5-11-2. Declaration of policy.

1 It is the public policy of the State of West Virginia to provide all of its citizens equal 2 opportunity for employment, equal access to places of public accommodations, and equal 3 opportunity in the sale, purchase, lease, rental and financing of housing accommodations or real 4 property. Equal opportunity in the areas of employment and public accommodations is hereby 5 declared to be a human right or civil right of all persons without regard to race, religion, color, 6 national origin, ancestry, sex, age, sexual orientation, blindness or disability. Equal opportunity 7 in housing accommodations or real property is hereby declared to be a human right or civil right 8 of all persons without regard to race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, blindness, 9 sexual orientation, disability or familial status.

10 The denial of these rights to properly qualified persons by reason of race, religion, color, 11 national origin, ancestry, sex, age, <u>sexual orientation</u>, blindness, disability or familial status is 12 contrary to the principles of freedom and equality of opportunity and is destructive to a free and 13 democratic society.

§5-11-3. Definitions.

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When used in this article:

2 (a) The term "person" means one or more individuals, partnerships, associations, 3 organizations, corporations, labor organizations, cooperatives, legal representatives, trustees, 4 trustees in bankruptcy, receivers and other organized groups of persons; 5 (b) The term "commission" means the West Virginia Human Rights Commission; (c) The term "director" means the executive director of the commission; 6 7 (d) The term "employer" means the state, or any political subdivision thereof, and any 8 person employing twelve or more persons within the state for twenty or more calendar weeks in 9 the calendar year in which the act of discrimination allegedly took place or the preceding calendar 10 year: Provided, That such terms shall the term does not be taken, understood or construed to include a private club: Provided, however, That this article, with regards to sexual orientation, 11 12 does not apply to a corporation, association, educational institution or institution of learning, or 13 society that is exempt from the religious discrimination provisions of title VII of the Civil Rights Act 14 of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq.) pursuant to section 702(a) or 703(e)(2) of that Act (42 U.S.C. 15 2000e-1(a), 2000e-2(e)(2)), except in the operation of a program funded by the state; (e) The term "employee" shall does not include any individual employed by his or her 16 17 parents, spouse or child; 18 (f) The term "labor organization" includes any organization which exists for the purpose, 19 in whole or in part, of collective bargaining or of dealing with employers concerning grievances, 20 terms or conditions of employment or for other mutual aid or protection in relation to employment; 21 (g) The term "employment agency" includes any person undertaking, with or without 22 compensation, to procure, recruit, refer or place employees. A newspaper engaged in the activity 23 of advertising in the normal course of its business shall is not be deemed to be an employment 24 agency; 25 (h) The term "discriminate" or "discrimination" means to exclude from, or fail or refuse to 26 extend to, a person equal opportunities because of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, 27 sex, age, sexual orientation, blindness, disability or familial status and includes to separate or

28 segregate;

(i) The term "unlawful discriminatory practices" includes only those practices specified in
 section nine of this article;

31 (i) The term "place of public accommodations" means any establishment or person, as 32 defined herein, including the state, or any political or civil subdivision thereof, which offers its 33 services, goods, facilities or accommodations to the general public, but shall does not include any 34 accommodations which are in their nature private. To the extent that any penitentiary, correctional 35 facility, detention center, regional jail or county jail is a place of public accommodation, the rights. 36 remedies and requirements provided by this article for any violation of subdivision (6), section 37 nine of this article shall do not apply to any person other than: (1) Any person employed at a 38 penitentiary, correctional facility, detention center, regional jail or county jail; (2) any person 39 employed by a law-enforcement agency; or (3) any person visiting any such the employee or 40 visiting any person detained in custody at such the facility;

41 (k) The term "age" means the age of forty or above;

(I) For the purpose of this article, a person shall be is considered to be blind only if his or
<u>her</u> central visual acuity does not exceed twenty/two hundred in the better eye with correcting
lenses, or if his <u>or her</u> visual acuity is greater than twenty/two hundred but is occasioned by a
limitation in the fields of vision such that the widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle
no greater than twenty degrees; and

47 (m) The term "disability" means:

(1) A mental or physical impairment which substantially limits one or more of such the
 person's major life activities. The term "major life activities" includes functions such as caring for
 one's self, performing manual tasks, walking, seeing, hearing, speaking, breathing, learning and
 working;

52 (2) A record of such the impairment; or

53 (3) Being regarded as having such an the impairment.

54 For the purposes of this article, this term does not include persons whose current use of 55 or addiction to alcohol or drugs prevents such persons the individual from performing the duties 56 of the job in question or whose employment, by reason of such current alcohol or drug abuse, 57 would constitute a direct threat to property or the safety of others; and

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(n) The term "sexual orientation" means heterosexuality, bisexuality, homosexuality or 59 gender identity or expression, whether actual or perceived.

§5-11-4. Powers and objectives.

1 The commission shall have has the power and authority and shall perform the functions 2 and services as in this article prescribed and as otherwise provided by law. The commission shall 3 encourage and endeavor to bring about mutual understanding and respect among all racial, 4 religious and ethnic groups within the state and shall strive to eliminate all discrimination in 5 employment and places of public accommodations by virtue of race, religion, color, national origin, 6 ancestry, sex, age, sexual orientation, blindness or handicap disability and shall strive to eliminate 7 all discrimination in the sale, purchase, lease, rental or financing of housing and other real 8 property by virtue of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, sexual orientation, 9 blindness, handicap disability or familial status.

§5-11-8. Commission powers; functions; services.

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The commission is hereby authorized and empowered:

2 (a) To cooperate and work with federal, state and local government officers, units, 3 activities and agencies in the promotion and attainment of more harmonious understanding and 4 greater equality of rights between and among all racial, religious and ethnic groups in this state;

5 (b) To enlist the cooperation of racial, religious and ethnic units, community and civic 6 organizations, industrial and labor organizations and other identifiable groups of the state in 7 programs and campaigns devoted to the advancement of tolerance, understanding and the equal 8 protection of the laws of all groups and peoples;

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(c) To receive, investigate and pass upon complaints alleging discrimination in

Introduced S.B. 111

2016R1179

10 employment or places of public accommodations, because of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, sexual orientation, blindness or disability, and complaints alleging 11 discrimination in the sale, purchase, lease, rental and financing of housing accommodations or 12 13 real property because of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, sexual 14 orientation, blindness, disability or familial status, and to initiate its own consideration of any 15 situations, circumstances or problems, including therein any racial, religious or ethnic group 16 tensions, prejudice, disorder or discrimination reported or existing within the state relating to 17 employment, places of public accommodations, housing accommodations and real property;

(d) To hold and conduct public and private hearings, in the county where the respondent
resides or transacts business or where agreed to by the parties or where the acts complained of
occurred, on complaints, matters and questions before the commission and, in connection
therewith, relating to discrimination in employment or places of public accommodations, housing
accommodations or real property and during the investigation of any formal complaint before the
commission relating to employment, places of public accommodations, housing accommodations
or real property to:

(1) Issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum upon the approval of the executive
director or the chairperson of the commission; administer oaths; take the testimony of any person
under oath; and make reimbursement for travel and other reasonable and necessary expenses
in connection with such attendance;

(2) Furnish copies of public hearing records to parties involved therein upon their payment
of the reasonable costs thereof to the commission;

(3) Delegate to an administrative law judge who shall be is an attorney, duly licensed to
practice law in West Virginia, the power and authority to hold and conduct hearings, as herein
provided, to determine all questions of fact and law presented during the hearing and to render a
final decision on the merits of the complaint, subject to the review of the commission as hereinafter
set forth.

Any respondent or complainant who shall feel feels aggrieved at any final action of an administrative law judge shall may file a written notice of appeal with the commission by serving such the notice on the executive director and upon all other parties within thirty days after receipt of the administrative law judge's decision. The commission shall limit its review upon such appeals to whether the administrative law judge's decision is:

41 (A) In conformity with the Constitution and the laws of the state and the United States;

42 (B) Within the commission's statutory jurisdiction or authority;

43 (C) Made in accordance with procedures required by law or established by appropriate44 rules of the commission;

45 (D) Supported by substantial evidence on the whole record; or

46 (E) Not arbitrary, capricious or characterized by abuse of discretion or clearly unwarranted
47 exercise of discretion.

48 (4) To enter into conciliation agreements and consent orders.

Each conciliation agreement shall include provisions requiring the respondent to refrain from the commission of unlawful discriminatory practices in the future and shall contain such further provisions as may be agreed upon by the commission and the respondent.

52 If the respondent and the commission agree upon conciliation terms, the commission shall 53 serve upon the complainant a copy of the proposed conciliation agreement. If the complainant 54 agrees to the terms of the agreement or fails to object to such terms within fifteen days after its 55 service upon him or her, the commission shall issue an order embodying such conciliation 56 agreement. If the complainant objects to the agreement, he or she shall serve a specification of 57 his or her objections upon the commission within such this period. Unless such objections are met or withdrawn within ten days after service thereof, the commission shall notice the complaint 58 59 for hearing.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, the commission may, where it finds
the terms of the conciliation agreement to be in the public interest, execute such agreement, and

62 limit the hearing to the objections of the complainant.

63 If a conciliation agreement is entered into, the commission shall serve a copy of the order64 embodying such agreement upon all parties to the proceeding.

65 Not later than one year from the date of a conciliation agreement, the commission shall 66 investigate whether the respondent is complying with the terms of such agreement. Upon a 67 finding of noncompliance, the commission shall take appropriate action to assure compliance;

(5) To apply to the circuit court of the county where the respondent resides or transacts
business for enforcement of any conciliation agreement or consent order by seeking specific
performance of such agreement or consent order;

(6) To issue cease and desist orders against any person found, after a public hearing, to
have violated the provisions of this article or the rules of the commission;

(7) To apply to the circuit court of the county where the respondent resides or transacts
business for an order enforcing any lawful cease and desist order issued by the commission;

(e) To recommend to the Governor and Legislature policies, procedures, practices and
legislation in matters and questions affecting human rights;

(f) To delegate to its executive director such powers, duties and functions as may be
necessary and expedient in carrying out the objectives and purposes of this article;

(g) To prepare a written report on its work, functions and services for each year ending on
June 30 and to deliver copies thereof to the Governor on or before December 1, next thereafter;

(h) To do all other acts and deeds necessary and proper to carry out and accomplish
effectively the objects, functions and services contemplated by the provisions of this article,
including the promulgation of legislative rules in accordance with the provisions of article three,
chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, implementing the powers and authority hereby vested in the
commission;

86 (i) To create such advisory agencies and conciliation councils, local, regional or statewide,
87 as in its judgment will aid in effectuating the purposes of this article, to study the problems of

Introduced S.B. 111

2016R1179

88 discrimination in all or specific fields or instances of discrimination because of race, religion, color, 89 national origin, ancestry, sex, age, sexual orientation, blindness, disability or familial status; to 90 foster, through community effort or otherwise, goodwill, cooperation and conciliation among the 91 groups and elements of the population of this state, and to make recommendations to the 92 commission for the development of policies and procedures, and for programs of formal and 93 informal education, which the commission may recommend to the appropriate state agency. Such 94 advisory agencies and conciliation councils shall be composed of representative citizens serving 95 without pay. The commission may itself make the studies and perform the acts authorized by this 96 subdivision. It may, by voluntary conferences with parties in interest, endeavor by conciliation 97 and persuasion to eliminate discrimination in all the stated fields and to foster goodwill and 98 cooperation among all elements of the population of the state;

(j) To accept contributions from any person to assist in the effectuation of the purposes of
this section and to seek and enlist the cooperation of private, charitable, religious, labor, civic and
benevolent organizations for the purposes of this section;

(k) To issue such publications and such results of investigation and research as in its
judgment will tend to promote goodwill and minimize or eliminate discrimination: *Provided*, That
the identity of the parties involved shall may not be disclosed.

§5-11-9. Unlawful discriminatory practices.

1 It shall be <u>is</u> an unlawful discriminatory practice, unless based upon a bona fide 2 occupational qualification, or except where based upon applicable security regulations 3 established by the United States or the State of West Virginia or its agencies or political 4 subdivisions:

5 (1) For any employer to discriminate against an individual with respect to compensation, 6 hire, tenure, terms, conditions or privileges of employment if the individual is able and competent 7 to perform the services required even if such the individual is blind or disabled: *Provided,* That it 8 shall is not be an unlawful discriminatory practice for an employer to observe the provisions of

9 any bona fide pension, retirement, group or employee insurance or welfare benefit plan or system
10 not adopted as a subterfuge to evade the provisions of this subdivision;

11 (2) For any employer, employment agency or labor organization, prior to the employment 12 or admission to membership, to: (A) Elicit any information or make or keep a record of or use any 13 form of application or application blank containing questions or entries concerning the race, 14 religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, sexual orientation or age of any applicant for 15 employment or membership; (B) print or publish or cause to be printed or published any notice or 16 advertisement relating to employment or membership indicating any preference. limitation. 17 specifications or discrimination based upon race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, 18 sexual orientation, disability or age; or (C) deny or limit, through a guota system, employment or 19 membership because of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, sexual 20 orientation, blindness or disability;

(3) For any labor organization because of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry,
sex, age, <u>sexual orientation</u>, blindness or disability of any individual to deny full and equal
membership rights to any individual or otherwise to discriminate against such individual with
respect to hire, tenure, terms, conditions or privileges of employment or any other matter, directly
or indirectly, related to employment;

26 (4) For an employer, labor organization, employment agency or any joint labor 27 management committee controlling apprentice training programs to:

(A) Select individuals for an apprentice training program registered with the State of West
Virginia on any basis other than their qualifications as determined by objective criteria which
permit review;

(B) Discriminate against any individual with respect to his or her right to be admitted to or
 participate in a guidance program, an apprenticeship training program, on-the-job training
 program or other occupational training or retraining program;

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(C) Discriminate against any individual in his or her pursuit of such these programs or to

35 discriminate against such a person in the terms, conditions or privileges of such programs;

36 (D) Print or circulate or cause to be printed or circulated any statement, advertisement or 37 publication, or to use any form of application for these programs or to make any inquiry in 38 connection with a program which expresses, directly or indirectly, discrimination or any intent to 39 discriminate unless based upon a bona fide occupational qualification;

40 (5) For any employment agency to fail or refuse to classify properly, refer for employment
41 or otherwise to discriminate against any individual because of his or her race, religion, color,
42 national origin, ancestry, sex, age, <u>sexual orientation</u>, blindness or disability;

43 (6) For any person being the owner, lessee, proprietor, manager, superintendent, agent
44 or employee of any place of public accommodations to:

(A) Refuse, withhold from or deny to any individual because of his or her race, religion,
color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, <u>sexual orientation</u>, blindness or disability, either directly
or indirectly, any of the accommodations, advantages, facilities, privileges or services of the place
of public accommodations;

49 (B) Publish, circulate, issue, display, post or mail, either directly or indirectly, any written 50 or printed communication, notice or advertisement to the effect that any of the accommodations, 51 advantages, facilities, privileges or services of any such place shall be refused, withheld from or 52 denied to any individual on account of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, 53 sexual orientation, blindness or disability, or that the patronage or custom thereat of any 54 individual, belonging to or purporting to be of any particular race, religion, color, national origin, 55 ancestry, sex, sexual orientation or age, or who is blind or disabled, is unwelcome, objectionable, 56 not acceptable, undesired or not solicited; or

57 (7) For any person, employer, employment agency, labor organization, owner, real estate
58 broker, real estate salesman or financial institution to:

(A) Engage in any form of threats or reprisal, or to engage in, or hire, or conspire with
others to commit acts or activities of any nature, the purpose of which is to harass, degrade,

embarrass or cause physical harm or economic loss or to aid, abet, incite, compel or coerce any
person to engage in any of the unlawful discriminatory practices defined in this section;

(B) Willfully obstruct or prevent any person from complying with the provisions of this
article, or to resist, prevent, impede or interfere with the commission or any of its members or
representatives in the performance of a duty under this article; or

(C) Engage in any form of reprisal or otherwise discriminate against any person because
he or she has opposed any practices or acts forbidden under this article or because he or she
has filed a complaint, testified or assisted in any proceeding under this article.

§5-11-13. Exclusiveness of remedy; exceptions.

1 (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), nothing contained in this article shall be deemed 2 to repeal or supersede repeals or supersedes any of the provisions of any existing or hereafter 3 adopted municipal ordinance, municipal charter or of any law of this state relating to discrimination 4 because of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, sexual orientation, blindness 5 or disability, but as to acts declared unlawful by section nine of this article the procedure herein 6 provided shall is, when invoked, be exclusive and the final determination therein shall exclude 7 excludes any other action, civil or criminal, based on the same grievance of the complainant 8 concerned. If such the complainant institutes any action based on such the grievance without 9 resorting to the procedure provided in this article, he or she may not subsequently resort to the 10 procedure herein. In the event of a conflict between the interpretation of a provision of this article 11 and the interpretation of a similar provision contained in any municipal ordinance authorized by 12 charter, the interpretation of the provision in this article shall apply to such municipal ordinance.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, a complainant may
institute an action against a respondent in the county wherein the respondent resides or transacts
business at any time within ninety days after the complainant is given notice of a right to sue
pursuant to this subsection or, if the statute of limitations on the claim has not expired at the end
of such ninety-day period, then at any time during which such statute of limitations has not expired.

18 If a suit is filed under this section the proceedings pending before the commission shall be deemed
 19 <u>are considered concluded.</u>

The commission shall give a complainant who has filed a complaint a notice of a right to sue upon: (1) The dismissal of the complaint for any reason other than an adjudication of the merits of the case; or (2) the request of a complainant at any time after the timely filing of the complaint in any case which has not been determined on its merits or has not resulted in a conciliation agreement to which the complainant is a party. Upon the issuance of a right to sue letter pursuant to subdivision (1) or (2), the commission may dismiss the complaint.

Notice of right to sue shall be given immediately upon complainant being entitled thereto, by personal service or certified mail, return receipt requested, which notice shall inform the complainant in plain terms of his or her right to institute a civil action as provided in this section within ninety days of the giving of such notice. Service of the notice shall be is complete upon mailing.

(c) In any action filed under this section, if the court finds that the respondent has engaged in or is engaging in an unlawful discriminatory practice charged in the complaint, the court shall enjoin the respondent from engaging in such unlawful discriminatory practice and order affirmative action which may include, but is not limited to, reinstatement or hiring of employees, granting of back pay or any other legal or equitable relief as the court deems appropriate. In actions brought under this section, the court in its discretion may award all or a portion of the costs of litigation, including reasonable attorney fees and witness fees, to the complainant.

38 (d) The provisions of this section shall be <u>are</u> available to all complainants whose active
39 cases are pending before the Human Rights Commission as well as those complainants who file
40 after the effective date of this section.

ARTICLE 11A. WEST VIRGINIA FAIR HOUSING ACT.

§5-11A-3. Definitions.

1 As used in this article:

Introduced S.B. 111

2016R1179

2

(a) "Commission" means the West Virginia Human Rights Commission;

3 (b) "Dwelling" means any building, structure or portion thereof which is occupied as, or 4 designed or intended for occupancy as, a residence or sleeping place by one or more persons or 5 families and any vacant land which is offered for sale or lease for the construction or location 6 thereon of any such building, structure or portion thereof;

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(c) "Family" includes a single individual;

8 (d) "Person" includes one or more individuals, corporations, partnerships, associations,
9 labor organizations, legal representatives, mutual companies, joint-stock companies, trusts,
10 unincorporated organizations, trustees, trustees in cases under Title 11 of the United States
11 Code, receivers and fiduciaries;

(e) "To rent" includes to lease, to sublease, to let and otherwise to grant for a consideration
the right to occupy premises not owned by the occupant;

(f) "Discriminatory housing practice" means an act that is unlawful under section five, six,
seven or nineteen of this article;

16 (g) "Disability" means, with respect to a person:

17 (1) A physical or mental impairment which substantially limits one or more of the person's
18 major life activities;

19 (2) A record of having such an impairment; or

20 (3) Being regarded as having such an impairment, but the term does not include current,

21 illegal use of or addiction to a controlled substance, as defined in Section 102 of the Controlled

22 Substances Act, Title 21, United States Code, Section 802;

23 (h) "Aggrieved person" includes any person who:

24 (1) Claims to have been injured by a discriminatory housing practice; or

(2) Believes that the person will be injured by a discriminatory housing practice that isabout to occur;

27

(i) "Complainant" means the person, including the commission, who files a complaint

28 under section eleven of this article;

29 (j) "Familial status" means:

30 (1) One or more individuals who have not attained the age of eighteen years being31 domiciled with:

32 (A) A parent or another person having legal custody of the individual or individuals; or

(B) The designee of the parent or other person having custody of the individual with the
written permission of the parent or other person; or

35 (2) Any person who is pregnant or is in the process of securing legal custody of any
36 individual who has not attained the age of eighteen years;

(k) "Conciliation" means the attempted resolution of issues raised by a complaint or by the
 investigation of the complaint through informal negotiations involving the aggrieved person, the
 respondent and the commission;

40 (I) "Conciliation agreement" means a written agreement setting forth the resolution of the41 issues in conciliation;

42 (m) "Respondent" means:

43 (1) The person or other entity accused in a complaint of an unfair housing practice; and

44 (2) Any other person or entity identified in the course of investigation and notified as
45 required with respect to respondents identified under subsection (a), section eleven of this article;
46 (n) The term "Rooming house" means a house or building where there are one or more
47 bedrooms which the proprietor can spare for the purpose of giving lodgings to persons he or she
48 chooses to receive; and

49 (o) The term "Basic universal design" means the design of products and environments to
50 be useable by all people, to the greatest extent possible, without the need for adaptation or
51 specialization;

52 (p) "Assistance animal" means any service, therapy or support animal, weighing less than 53 one hundred fifty pounds, with or without specific training or certification, that works, provides

54 assistance, or performs tasks for the benefit of a person with a disability, or provides emotional

support that alleviate one or more identified symptoms or effects of a person's disability; and

56 (q) "Sexual orientation" is defined as heterosexuality, bisexuality, homosexuality or gender
 57 identity or expression, whether actual or perceived.

§5-11A-5. Discrimination in sale or rental of housing and other prohibited practices.

As made applicable by section four of this article and except as exempted by sections four
 and eight of this article, it is unlawful:

3 (a) To refuse to sell or rent after the making of a bona fide offer, or to refuse to negotiate
4 for the sale or rental of, or otherwise make unavailable or deny, a dwelling to any person because
5 of race, color, religion, ancestry, sex, <u>age, sexual orientation</u>, familial status, blindness, disability
6 or national origin;

7 (b) To discriminate against any person in the terms, conditions or privileges of sale or 8 rental of a dwelling, or in the provision of services or facilities in connection therewith, because of 9 race, color, religion, ancestry, sex, <u>age, sexual orientation</u>, familial status, blindness, disability or 10 national origin;

(c) To make, print or publish, or cause to be made, printed or published any notice,
statement or advertisement, with respect to the sale or rental of a dwelling that indicates any
preference, limitation or discrimination based on race, color, religion, sex, <u>age, sexual orientation</u>,
blindness, disability, familial status, ancestry or national origin, or an intention to make any such
preference, limitation or discrimination;

(d) To represent to any person because of race, color, religion, sex, <u>age, sexual</u>
 <u>orientation</u>, blindness, disability, familial status, ancestry or national origin that any dwelling is not
 available for inspection, sale or rental when the dwelling is in fact available;

(e) For profit, to induce or attempt to induce any person to sell or rent any dwelling by
 representations regarding the entry or prospective entry into the neighborhood of a person or
 persons of a particular race, color, religion, sex, <u>age, sexual orientation</u>, blindness, disability,

22 familial status, ancestry or national origin; or

(f) (1) To discriminate in the sale or rental, or to otherwise make unavailable or deny, a
dwelling to any buyer or renter because of a disability of: (A) That buyer or renter; (B) a person
residing in or intending to reside in that dwelling after it is so sold, rented or made available; or
(C) any person associated with that buyer or renter.

(2) To discriminate against any person in the terms, conditions or privileges of sale or
rental of a dwelling, or in the provision of services or facilities in connection with the dwelling,
because of a disability of: (A) That person; (B) a person residing in or intending to reside in that
dwelling after it is so sold, rented or made available; or (C) any person associated with that person.

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(3) For purposes of this subdivision, discrimination includes:

32 (A) A refusal to permit, at the expense of the disabled person, reasonable modifications 33 of existing premises occupied or to be occupied by the person if the modifications may be 34 necessary to afford the person full enjoyment of the premises, except that, in the case of a rental, 35 the landlord may where it is reasonable to do so condition permission for a modification on the 36 renter agreeing to restore the interior of the premises to the condition that existed before the 37 modification, reasonable wear and tear excepted;

(B) A refusal to make reasonable accommodations in rules, policies, practices or services
when the accommodations may be necessary to afford the person equal opportunity to use and
enjoy a dwelling; or

41 (C) In connection with the design and construction of covered multifamily dwellings for first
42 occupancy after the date that is thirty months after the date of enactment of the West Virginia Fair
43 Housing Act, a failure to design and construct those dwellings in a manner that:

44 (i) The public use and common use portions of the dwellings are readily accessible to and45 usable by disabled persons;

46 (ii) All the doors designed to allow passage into and within all premises within the dwellings
47 are sufficiently wide to allow passage by disabled persons in wheelchairs; and

48 (iii) All premises within the dwellings contain the following features of adaptive design: (I)
49 An accessible route into and through the dwelling; (II) light switches, electrical outlets, thermostats
50 and other environmental controls in accessible locations; (III) reinforcements in bathroom walls to
51 allow later installation of grab bars; and (IV) usable kitchens and bathrooms that an individual in
52 a wheelchair can maneuver about the space.

(4) Compliance with the appropriate requirements of the American National Standard for
Buildings and Facilities Providing Accessibility and Usability for Physically Handicapped People,
commonly cited as ANSI A117.1, suffices to satisfy the requirements of subparagraph (3)(C)(iii)
of this subdivision.

57 (5) (A) If a unit of general local government has incorporated into its laws the requirements 58 set forth in subparagraph (3) (C) of this subdivision, compliance with those laws satisfy the 59 requirements of that subparagraph.

(B) The commission or unit of general local government may review and approve newly
 constructed covered multifamily dwellings for the purpose of making determinations as to whether
 the design and construction requirements of subparagraph (3)(C) of this subdivision are met.

63 (C) The commission shall encourage, but may not require, units of local government to 64 include in their existing procedures for the review and approval of newly constructed covered 65 multifamily dwellings, determinations as to whether the design and construction of such dwellings 66 are consistent with subparagraph (3) (C) of this subdivision, and may provide technical assistance 67 to units of local government and other persons to implement the requirements of that 68 subparagraph.

(D) Nothing in this article requires the commission to review or approve the plans, designs
 or construction of all covered multifamily dwellings to determine whether the design and
 construction of the dwellings are consistent with the requirements of subparagraph (3)(C) of this
 subdivision.

73

(6) (A) Nothing in paragraph (5) of this subdivision affects the authority and responsibility

of the commission or a local public agency to receive and process complaints or otherwise engagein enforcement activities under this article.

(B) Determinations by a unit of general local government under subparagraphs (5)(A) and
(B) of this subdivision are not conclusive in enforcement proceedings under this article.

(7) As used in this section, the term "covered multifamily dwellings" means: (A) Buildings
consisting of four or more units if the buildings have one or more elevators; and (B) ground floor
units in other buildings consisting of four or more units.

81 (8) Nothing in this article invalidates or limits any law of this state or any political
82 subdivision of this state that requires dwellings to be designed and constructed in a manner that
83 affords disabled persons greater access than is required by this article.

(9) This section does not require that a dwelling be made available to an individual whose
tenancy would constitute a direct threat to the health or safety of other individuals or whose
tenancy would result in substantial physical damage to the property of others. The burden of
proving such threat to health or safety or the likelihood of such damage is upon the respondent.

(10) For the purposes of this subdivision, rules, policies, practices or services regarding
animals are subject to the reasonable accommodation requirements of subparagraph (B),
paragraph (3) of this subdivision and the following provisions:

91 (A) In connection with a request for reasonable accommodation to the rules, policies or
92 services, a person with a disability may be required to submit documentation, from a professional
93 treatment provider, of the disability related need for the assistance animal.

94 (i) Such documentation is sufficient if it establishes that the assistance animal will provide
95 some type of disability-related assistance or emotional support.

96 (ii) A person with a disability may not be required to submit or provide access to medical
97 records or medical providers, or to provide detailed or extensive information or documentation of
98 a person's physical or mental impairments.

99

(B) A person with a disability may be denied the accommodation of an assistance animal

Introduced S.B. 111

2016R1179

100 if there is credible evidence that:

(i) The assistance animal poses a direct threat to the health or safety of others that cannot
be eliminated by another reasonable accommodation; or

(ii) The assistance animal would cause substantial physical damage to the property of
 other that cannot be reduced or eliminated by another reasonable accommodation.

105 (C) A determination that an assistance animal poses a direct threat of harm to others or 106 would cause substantial physical damage to the property of others must be based on an 107 individualized assessment that relies on objective evidence about the specific animal's actual 108 conduct.

(D) A request for a reasonable accommodation may not be unreasonably denied,
conditioned on payment of a fee or deposit or other terms and conditions applied to applicants or
residents with pets, and a response may not be unreasonably delayed.

§5-11A-6. Discrimination in residential real estate-related transactions.

(a) It is unlawful for any person or other entity whose business includes engaging in
 residential real estate-related transactions to discriminate against any person in making available
 such a transaction or in the terms or conditions of such a transaction because of race, color,
 religion, sex, <u>age, sexual orientation</u>, blindness, disability, familial status, ancestry or national
 origin.

6 (b) As used in this section, the term "residential real estate-related transaction" means any7 of the following:

8 (1) The making or purchasing of loans or providing other financial assistance: (A) For 9 purchasing, constructing, improving, repairing or maintaining a dwelling; or (B) secured by 10 residential real estate; or

11 (2) The selling, brokering or appraising of residential real property.

(c) Nothing in this article prohibits a person engaged in the business of furnishing
 appraisals of real property to take into consideration factors other than race, color, religion,

14 national origin, ancestry, sex, <u>age, sexual orientation</u>, blindness, disability or familial status.

§5-11A-7. Discrimination in provision of brokerage services.

- 1 It is unlawful to deny any person access to or membership or participation in any multiple
- 2 listing service, real estate broker's organization or other service, organization or facility relating to
- 3 the business of selling or renting dwellings, or to discriminate against him or her in the terms or
- 4 conditions of such access, membership or participation on account of race, color, religion, sex,
- 5 age, sexual orientation, blindness, disability, familial status, ancestry or national origin.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to add "sexual orientation" to the categories covered by the Human Rights Act, prohibiting discrimination in employment and places of public accommodation; add "age" and "sexual orientation" to the categories covered by the Fair Housing Act prohibiting discrimination in housing; and define "sexual orientation".

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.